Reading- 3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter		
Report Card Descriptor	Standards with "What does proficiency look like?" bullets	
RL & RI Comprehends texts in group reading activities	Focus Standards  Key Ideas and Details  RI.K.2 With prompting and support, identify the main topic and retell the key details of a text.  Tell the main topic of a text  Tell the most important information from the text that supports the main topic  Use words and/or pictures from the text to support the answer (Cite evidence)  RI.K.3 With prompting and support, describe the connections between two topics (individuals, events, ideas, or scientific concepts).  Know that a connection is a relationship between two parts  Describe how two topics in a text are connected  Craft and Structure  RI.K.4 Ask and answer questions about unknown words in a text.  RI.K.4 With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about unknown words in a text.  Select words that are unknown  Use other words, phrases, and illustrations surrounding an unknown word to figure out its meaning  Ask and answer questions to figure out the word's meaning  Integration of Knowledge and Ideas  RI.K.8 With prompting and support, identify the details an author gives to support points in a text  Identify the most important ideas the author want us to know  Identify details the author gives about why the ideas are important (could be illustrations)  Supporting Standards  RI.K.1, RI.K.7, RI.K.9	

0	Reading: Foundational Skills -3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter
Report Card Descriptor	Standards with "What does <b>proficiency</b> look like?" bullets
RF-Print Concepts Understands the organization and	RF.K.1.c Understand that words are separated by spaces in print.  • Match spoken words to printed words using one-to-one correspondence
features of print (left to right, top to bottom, spaces, letter ID)	<ul> <li>RF.K.1.d Recognize and name all upper and lowercase letters of the alphabet.</li> <li>Identify at least 50+ letters</li> <li>Increase fluency in naming randomly ordered upper- and lowercase letters</li> </ul>
RF-Phonological Awareness Can hear and say parts of words (rhymes, syllables and sounds)	RF.K.2.a Recognize and produce rhyming words orally.  Produce a word that rhymes with a given word (ex. Tell me a word that rhymes with "cup")  RF.K.2.b Count, pronounce, blend, and segment syllables in spoken words.  Students count, pronounce, blend together, and break apart syllables in spoken words or pictures.  RF.K.2.c Blend and segment onsets and rimes of single-syllable spoken words.  Blend the onset and rime to make a word (ex. The beginning sound is /m/ the ending sounds are /op/. What is the word?)  Segment a word into onset and rime (ex. The word is cab. Segment the word into onset and rime.)  RF.K.2.d Isolate and pronounce the initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in three-phoneme (consonant-vowel-consonant, or CVC) words. (This does not include CVC's ending with /l/, /r/, or /x/.)  Identify and say the initial, medial, and final sounds in isolation of a three phonemes or CVC word (such as 'hot').  Use the phoneme segmentation routine at the beginning of the Start Up Phonics spelling routine (say each sound and slide a counter into the Elkonin boxes

Reading: Foundational Skills -3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter continued	
Report Card Descriptor	Standards with "What does proficiency look like?" bullets
RF-Phonics and Word Recognition Knows and applies letter sounds and word knowledge	RF.K.3.a Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter/sound correspondences by producing the the most frequently used sound for each consonant.  Produce at least 22+ letter sounds  RF.K.3.b Associate the long and short sounds with the five major vowel graphemes (a,e,i,o,u) using open and closed syllable types (e.g., open-go, closed-got).  Name the long and short sounds of the five major vowels  RF.K.3.c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do, does)  Read at 15+ sight words  RF.K.3.d Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ.  Blend similarly spelled words (Pam/Sam, cup/cop, gum/gut)  NEW: RF.K.3.e Decode CVC words.  Blend CVC words with all short vowel sounds in isolation and in text
RF-Fluency Reads grade level material with accuracy and fluency	<ul> <li>RF.K.4 Read grade appropriate texts with purpose and understanding.</li> <li>Participate in small groups</li> <li>Independently reading a 3/C</li> <li>Scores near MAP RIT mean of 151.3</li> </ul>

Writing – 3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter		
Report Card Descriptor	Standards with "What does proficiency look like?" bullets	
W- Text Types and Purposes Writes to give an opinion, explain or tell a story	Focus Standard  W.K.2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts that name the topic and supply some information about it.  Score a "3" based on writing rubrics  Use the Start Up Phonics spelling routine (sound out the word and the write the letter for each sound) to write words in independent and interactive writing  Use learned high frequency words  Supporting standards  W.K.1  W.K.3	
W-Production and Distribution of Writing Adds details to strengthen writing	<ul> <li>W.K.5 With guidance and support from adults respond to questions and add details to strengthen writing as needed.         <ul> <li>Participate in writing conferences with the teacher focusing on-</li> <li>Adding additional details to writing</li> </ul> </li> <li>Make revisions based on feedback</li> <li>W.K.6 With guidance and support from adults, explore a variety of digital tools to produce some writing, including in collaboration with peers.</li> <li>Use technology to produce and publish</li> </ul>	
W-Research to Build and Present Knowledge Participates in shared research projects	<ul> <li>W.K.7 Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of books on a specific topic and produce simple findings.</li> <li>Work with others to gather information about a topic</li> </ul>	

	Speaking and Listening – 3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter
Report Card Descriptor	Standards with "What does proficiency look like?" bullets
S&L-Comprehension and Collaboration Participates in conversations to demonstrate comprehension	<ul> <li>SL.K.2 Confirm understanding of a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media by asking and answering questions about key details, and requesting clarification if something is not understood.         <ul> <li>(Unit 4 and 5) With support, ask questions to confirm understanding of a text read aloud or information presented orally.</li> </ul> </li> <li>SL.K.3 Ask and answer questions, in order to seek help, get information, or clarify something that is not understood.         <ul> <li>Answer questions to get help, get information or clarify something. (Example: Do you need my help? Does anyone know what means? How many of you would like Choice 2 for lunch? Does everyone know how to get to the nurse's office?)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
S&L-Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas Reports on a topic or text	SL.K.4 Describe familiar people, places, things, and events; provide additional detail with prompting and support.  Describe familiar people, places, things, and events. For Example: (Remember YOU are asking the student for more information)  People – add detail about clothing, height, relationship (My mom is pretty. She has brown hair.)  Places – add detail about location, size, reason for describing. (My school is big. It has a red door.)  Things – add detail about use, color, size (My boots are brown. I wear them in the rain.)  Events – add detail about date, time, people (My brother is fifteen. He is in high school.)  SL.K.5 Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions of familiar people, places, things and events as desired to provide additional detail.  Draw a picture to provide additional detail. (Again, more detail in the picture.)  SL.K.6 Speak audibly and express thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly.  Express thoughts clearly using sentence frames (I enjoyedI had funMy favorite)

Language – 3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter	
Report Card Descriptor	Standards with "What does <b>proficiency</b> look like?" bullets
L-Conventions of Standard English Use appropriate grammar when speaking and writing	<ul> <li>L.K.1.h Independently produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities.</li> <li>♦ With prompting and support, use spaces to separate words in a sentence.</li> <li>♦ Speak in complete sentences during shared language activities</li> <li>♦ Expand sentences during shared language activities</li> <li>♦ When writing, separate words with spaces</li> <li>L.K.1.j Understand and use question words, interrogatives, (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how).</li> <li>♦ Ask questions using question words correctly (such as saying, "Who went to the playground?")</li> </ul>
L-Conventions of Standard English Use appropriate capitalization, punctuation and spelling	L.K.2.a Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun I.  Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun I  L.K.2.d Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes).  Spell consonant-vowel consonant (CVC) words correctly.  Spell words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships.  Spell CVC words correctly (uses all vowels)  Spell words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships  Use the Start Up Phonics spelling routine (sound out the word and the write the letter for each sound) to write words
HANDWRITING Forms letters correctly with proper spacing in manuscript	<ul> <li>L.K.1.k Print all upper and lowercase letters legibly.</li> <li>Holds pencil correctly</li> <li>Begins to print uppercase and lowercase letters on writing lines:         <ul> <li>Starts short letters at the midpoint and ends them on the lower line/baseline</li> <li>Starts tall letters at the top line and ends them on the lower line/baseline</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

## Language – 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter continued

## Standards with "What does proficiency look like?" bullets

L.K.4.a Identify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowing duck is a bird and learning the verb to duck).

Orally explain, or draw pictures to show, multiple meanings of words

L.K.4.b Use frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., -ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, -less) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word.

• Use knowledge of word parts to understand the meaning of an unknown word (happy, unhappy; read, reread; care, careless, careful)

L-Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Learns and uses new words and phrases

L.K.5.c Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school that are colorful).

• Verbally connect new words to real-life situations (such as saying, "We had to hustle because we were late to lunch.")

L.K.5.d Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs describing the same general action (e.g., walk, march, strut, prance) by acting out the meanings

• Act out verbs to show the shades of meaning (walk, march, strut, prance)

L.K.6 Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts.

• Incorporate previously taught and discussed words, including text talk words, into conversation or writing