

## Reading- 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter

Report Card Descriptor	Standards with "What does proficiency look like?" bullets
<p style="text-align: center;"><i>RL &amp; RI</i></p> <p><b>Comprehends texts</b></p>	<p><b>Focus Standards</b></p> <p><b><i>Key Ideas and Details</i></b></p> <p><b>RI.3.1 Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ask and answer questions about an informational text</li> <li>• Find evidence within an informational text to support an answer</li> <li>• Refer to text when drawing conclusions</li> </ul> <p><b>RL.3.2 Recount stories, including fables, folktales, and myths from diverse cultures; determine the central message, lesson, or moral and explain how it is conveyed through key details in the text.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identify the type of story they are reading (fable, folktale or myth)</li> <li>• Recount including characters, setting, problem, and solution</li> <li>• Determine the central message, lesson, or moral</li> <li>• Explain how the central message, lesson, or moral is conveyed through the details in a text</li> </ul> <p><b>RL.3.3 Describe characters in a story (e.g., their traits, motivations, or feelings) and explain how their actions contribute to the sequence of events.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Describe the character/characters through: traits, feelings, motivations</li> </ul> <p><b><i>Craft and Structure</i></b></p> <p><b>RL.3.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are in a text, distinguishing literal from nonliteral language.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Demonstrate the ability to determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text</li> </ul> <p><b>RI.3.5 Use text features and search tools (e.g., key words, sidebars, hyperlinks) to locate information relevant to a given topic efficiently.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use nonfiction text features and search tools to navigate the text and locate additional information on the topic</li> </ul> <p><b>Supporting Standards</b></p> <p>RL.3.5      RI.3.2          RL.3.6      RI.3.4          RL.3.7      RI.3.9          RL.3.9</p>

## Reading- 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter continued

### Report Card Descriptor

#### **NEW REPORT CARD DESCRIPTOR**

*RF-Phonics and Word Recognition*

**Knows and applies letter  
sounds and word knowledge**

### Standards with “What does proficiency look like?” bullets

#### **RF.3.3 Know and apply grade- level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.**

- Score at least 72 on ORF words correct

#### **RF.3.3a Identify and know the meaning of the most common prefixes and derivational suffixes.**

- Recognize how meaning is changed by a prefix or suffix
- Identify and know the meaning of a prefix attached to a word
- Use the meaning of the prefix to help them understand the word (see language standards)
- Identify and know the meaning of a suffix attached to a word
- Use the meaning of the suffix to help them understand the word (see language standards)

#### **RF.3.3b Decode words with common Latin suffixes.**

- Identify root words
- Use knowledge of Latin suffixes to decode words

#### **RF.3.3c Decode multi-syllable words.**

- Use syllabication patterns to break apart multi-syllable words (see Appendix A of CCSS)

Syllable Type	Definition	Examples
Closed	A syllable with a short vowel spelled with a single vowel letter ending in one or more consonants	<u>clap</u> -ple <u>hos</u> -tel <u>bev</u> -erage
Vowel-C-e ("Magic e")	A syllable with a long vowel spelled with one vowel + one consonant + silent e	comp <u>ete</u> des <u>pite</u>
Open	A syllable that ends with a long vowel sound, spelled with a single vowel letter	<u>pro</u> gram <u>tab</u> le <u>re</u> cent
Vowel Team	Syllables that use two to four letters to spell the vowel	<u>beau-ti</u> -ful <u>train</u> -er con- <u>geal</u> <u>spoil</u> -age
Vowel-r (r-controlled)	A syllable with <b>er, ir, or, ar, or ur</b> Vowel pronunciation often changes before /r/. Vowel pronunciation often changes before /r/.	<u>in-iur</u> -ious con- <u>sort</u> <u>char</u> -ter
Consonant-le	An unaccented final syllable containing a consonant before /l/ followed by a silent e	drib <u>ble</u> beag <u>le</u> litt <u>le</u>

#### **RF.3.3d Read grade appropriate irregularly spelled words.**

- Read grade appropriate sight-words (*Fry* sight word lists)

## Reading- 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter continued

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<p><i>RF-Fluency</i></p> <p><b>Reads grade level material with accuracy and fluency</b></p>	<p><b>RF.3.4.a Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Read DRA level 30/F&amp;P level N texts independently and answer comprehension questions</li> <li>• Score near the Fall Reading MAP RIT mean of 188.3</li> </ul> <p><b>RF.3.4.b Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reread text to practice fluency               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Read in phrases</li> <li>○ Use expression and intonation</li> <li>○ Score at least 72 on ORF- 96% accuracy</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p><b>RF.3.4.c Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• When encountering an unknown word:               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Look at the letter sequence</li> <li>2. Decode the word</li> <li>3. Check the sense with the whole sentence or passage -If it does not make sense , reread or ask for assistance</li> </ol> </li> </ul>

**Writing – 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter**

Report Card Descriptor	Standards with “What does proficiency look like?” bullets
<i>W- Text Types and Purposes</i> <b>Writes to give an opinion, explain or tell a story</b>	<p><b>Focus Standard</b></p> <p><b>W.3.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Establish a situation and introduce a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.</li> <li>b. Use dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters and situations.</li> <li>c. Use temporal words and phrases to signal event order</li> <li>d. Provide a sense of closure</li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Score a “3” based on writing rubrics</li> <li>• Self-score using writing rubrics</li> </ul> <p><b>Supporting Standards</b></p> <p><b>W.3.1</b></p> <p><b>W.3.2</b></p>
<i>W-Production and Distribution of Writing</i> <b>Revises, edits and publishes writing</b>	<p><b>W.3.4 With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Participate in conferring sessions with the teacher and/or peers</li> <li>• Consider feedback concerning:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ topic</li> <li>○ purpose</li> <li>○ organization</li> <li>○ format</li> <li>○ voice</li> <li>○ details</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p><b>W.3.5 With guidance and support from adults and peers, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 3)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Plan, edit and revise based on feedback</li> <li>• Use spell- and grammar- check</li> <li>• Use an editing checklist</li> </ul>
<i>W-Research to Build and Present Knowledge</i> <b>Conducts short research projects</b>	<p><b>W.3.8 Recall information from experiences or gather information from print and digital sources; take brief notes on sources and sort evidence into provided categories.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Summarize information in the form of notes</li> <li>• Organize or categorize information</li> </ul>

## Speaking and Listening – 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter

Report Card Descriptor	Standards with “What does proficiency look like?” bullets
<p><i>S&amp;L-Comprehension and Collaboration</i>  <b>Engages in collaborative discussions to demonstrate comprehension</b></p>	<p><b>SL.3.1a Come to discussions prepared <u>having read or studied required material</u>; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Read and study material prior to a discussion</li> </ul> <p><b>SL.3.1b Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Set classroom norms with teacher support. Follow rules of discussion which might include:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Listen without interrupting</li> <li>Take turns speaking</li> <li>Look at speaker</li> <li>Demonstrate listening behaviors (smiling, nodding, etc.)</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p><b>SL.3.1c Ask questions to check understanding of information presented, stay on topic, <u>and link their comments to the remarks of others</u>.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ask questions building on skills learned in grades K-2:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ask questions about the topics or texts under discussion</li> <li>Ask for clarification and further explanation</li> </ul> </li> <li>Link comments to the remarks of others</li> </ul> <p><b>SL.3.1d Explain their own ideas and understanding in light of the discussion</b>            Explain what they learned through discussions</p>
<p><i>S&amp;L-Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas</i>  <b>Reports on a topic or text</b></p>	<p><b>SL.3.4 Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or <u>recount an experience</u> with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, <u>speaking clearly at an understandable pace</u>.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Report on a topic, tell a story, or recount an experience using skills acquired in grades K-2:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Describe people, places, things and events</li> <li>Speak clearly</li> <li>Address the questions who, what, when, where, and why to make a story clear</li> </ul> </li> <li>Begin to adjust their speech to fit the audience and purpose with teacher guidance</li> </ul> <p><b>SL.3.6 Speak in complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification.</b></p> <p><b>L.3.1i Produce simple, compound, and complex sentences.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Speak in complete sentences</li> <li>Expand sentences as needed to clarify thinking with teacher support (this will deepen student understanding of formal and informal speech)</li> </ul>

Language – 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter

Report Card Descriptor	Standards with “What does proficiency look like?” bullets
<i>L-Conventions of Standard English</i> <b>Uses appropriate grammar when speaking and writing</b>	<p><b>L.3.1a Explain the function of <u>nouns</u>, <u>pronouns</u>, <u>verbs</u>, <u>adjectives</u>, and adverbs in general and their functions in particular sentences.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Explain that nouns name a person, place or thing</li> <li>• Explain that pronouns take the place of nouns</li> <li>• Explain that adjectives are words used to describe nouns</li> <li>• Use nouns, pronouns and adjectives correctly in their writing</li> </ul> <p><b>L.3.1b Form and use regular and irregular plural nouns.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use regular and irregular plural nouns correctly when speaking and when writing</li> </ul> <p><b>L.3.1i Produce simple, compound, and complex sentences.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use a variety of simple and compound sentences when speaking and when writing</li> </ul>
<i>L-Conventions of Standard English</i> <b>Uses appropriate capitalization, punctuation and spelling</b>	<p><b>L.3.2a Capitalize appropriate words in titles.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Capitalize appropriate words in titles (also: names, dates, holidays, geographic locations, and product names)</li> </ul> <p><b>L.3.2e Use conventional spelling for <u>high-frequency and other studied words</u> and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness).</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Spell taught words correctly in daily writing</li> </ul> <p><b>L.3.2f Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Apply what they know about word patterns to spell untaught words (such as oy/oi, ou/ow)</li> </ul> <p><b>L.3.2g Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use word walls, environmental print in the classroom, and/or beginning dictionaries to check and correct words in writing</li> </ul>

## Language- 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter continued

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<p><i>L-Vocabulary Acquisition and Use</i></p> <p><b>Learns and uses new words and phrases</b></p>	<p><b>L.3.4a Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use context clues within a sentence to determine the meaning of a word or phrase</li> </ul> <p><b>L.3.4d Use glossaries or beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use glossaries within an informational text, word walls, classroom dictionaries, or vocabulary notebooks to help determine or locate the meaning of words and phrases</li> </ul> <p><b>L.3.5b Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., describe people who are friendly or helpful).</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Generate examples utilizing previously taught and discussed tier 2 and tier 3 words, including text talk words</li> </ul> <p><b>L.3.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate conversational, general academic, and domain specific words and phrases, including those that signal spatial and temporal relationships (e.g., After dinner that night we went looking for them).</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Incorporate previously taught and discussed tier 2 words, including text talk words into conversation or writing</li> </ul>