ReadWorks From Calf to Camel

From Calf to Camel



Camels are animals with long necks and long legs.

Camels have humps on their backs. Some camels have one hump. Other camels have two humps. The hump is filled with fat.

A newborn camel is called a calf. The calf does not have a hump on its back. The hump will grow when the calf starts eating solid food.

A calf might be born with a white coat. The coat will turn brown as it grows.

Sometimes a calf has trouble standing up. Its legs may be a little wobbly. Calves stay with their mothers until they are five years old.

Name:	Data	
Name.	Date:	

Directions: For questions 1-4, circle the correct answer.

- 1. What is a camel's hump filled with?
 - a) water
 - b) fat
 - c) baby camels
- 2. How does this passage describe camels?
 - a) tall animals with brown spots and a long, sticky tongue
 - b) animals with long necks, long legs, and one or two humps on their backs
 - c) small animals with soft white fur and a long fluffy tail
- **3.** A calf might be born with a white coat, but it will turn brown as the calf grows. What does this information tell us about the fur color of most grown camels?
 - a) Most grown camels have white fur.
 - b) Most grown camels have brown fur.
 - c) Most grown camels have spotted fur.
- 4. What is "From Calf to Camel" mainly about?
 - a) camels and their growth from calf to camel
 - b) the characteristics of grown camels
 - c) the characteristics of baby camels

5. A) What is a newborn camel called?

A newborn camel is called

B) Draw a picture of a calf.

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7. Class Discussion Question: Explain how calves are different from camels.