

SPRING Version
The Phonological Awareness Screening Test (PAST) FORM C
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Adapted from the levels used in McInnis (1999) & Rosner (1973)

Name _____ Date _____ Grade _____ Age _____
Teacher _____ D.O.B _____ Evaluator _____

Results:

	Correct	Automatic	Highest Correct Level	_____
Basic Syllable	_____/12	_____/12	(Levels not passed below the highest level) ____	
Onset-Rime	_____/10	_____/10		
Basic Phoneme	_____/10	_____/10	Highest Automatic Level	_____
Advanced Phonemes	_____/20	_____/20	(non automatic levels)	_____
Test Total	_____/52	_____/52		

Approximate Grade Level (Circle)

PreK	K	Late K/Early 1	1 st	Late 1 st /Early 2 nd	2 nd	Late 2 nd to adult
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I. SYLLABLE LEVELS

Level D (D, E2 – preschool to mid kindergarten; E3 – mid to late kindergarten)

Feedback: "If you say footprint without saying foot, you get print, Okay? See how that works?"

	Correct	Automatic
D1: "Say <i>footprint</i>. Now say <i>footprint</i> but don't say <i>foot</i>." (foot)print _____	____/3	A: ____/3
D1: "Say <i>rowboat</i>. Now say <i>rowboat</i> but don't say <i>row</i>." (row)boat _____		
D1: "Say <i>midnight</i>. Now say <i>midnight</i> but don't say <i>night</i>." mid(night) _____		
D2: "Say <i>table</i>. Now say <i>table</i> but don't say <i>ta</i>." (ta)ble _____	____/3	A: ____/3
D2: "Say <i>over</i>. Now say <i>over</i> but don't say <i>o</i>." (o)ver _____		
D2: "Say <i>panda</i>. Now say <i>panda</i> but don't say <i>da</i>." pan(da) _____		

Level E

Feedback: "If you say *invention* without saying *in*, you get *vention*. Let's try another one"

E2: "Say <i>invention</i>, Now say <i>invention</i> but don't say <i>in</i>." (in)vention _____	____/3	A: ____/3
E2: "Say <i>magician</i>, Now say <i>magician</i> but don't say <i>ma</i>." (ma)gician _____		
E2: "Say <i>mechanic</i>, Now say <i>mechanic</i> but don't say <i>me</i>." (me)chanic _____		
E3: "Say <i>atmosphere</i>, Now say <i>atmosphere</i> but don't say <i>at</i>." (at)mosphere _____	____/3	A: ____/3
E3: "Say <i>cucumber</i>, Now say <i>cucumber</i> but don't say <i>cu</i>." (cu)cumber _____		

E3: "Say <i>organize</i> , Now say <i>organize</i> but don't say or." (or)ganize _____	
Basic Syllable Total:	___/12 A: ___/12

II. ONSET-RIME LEVELS

Level F Onset-Rime levels (kindergarten to mid first grade)

Feedback: "If you say *sheet* without the /sh/, you get eat, sheet-eat."

"Say <i>sheet</i> . Now say <i>sheet</i> but don't say /sh/." (sh)eet → eat _____	___/5 A: ___/5
"Say <i>phone</i> . Now say <i>phone</i> but don't say /ph/." (ph)one → own _____	
"Say <i>name</i> . Now say <i>name</i> but don't say /n/." (n)ame → aim _____	
"Say <i>ride</i> . Now say <i>ride</i> but don't say /r/." (r)ide → I'd _____	
"Say <i>cough</i> . Now say <i>cough</i> but don't say /c/." (c)ough → off _____	

Level G

Feedback: "If you say *loop* and change the /l/ to /s/, you get soup; loop-soup."

"Say <i>loop</i> . Now say <i>loop</i> but instead of /l/ say /s/." (l)oop /s/ → soup _____	___/5 A: ___/5
"Say <i>put</i> . Now say <i>put</i> but instead of /p/ say /f/." (p)ut /f/ → foot _____	
"Say <i>pool</i> . Now say <i>pool</i> but instead of /p/ say /r/." (p)ool /r/ → rule _____	
"Say <i>care</i> . Now say <i>care</i> but instead of /c/ say /ch/." (c)are /ch/ → chair _____	
"Say <i>sauce</i> . Now say <i>sauce</i> but instead of /s/ say /l/." (s)auce /l/ → loss _____	
Onset-Rime Total:	___/10 A: ___/10

III. PHONEME LEVELS

Level H Basic Phoneme Levels (early to late first grade)

H1 Feedback: "If you say *sweet* without the /s/ you get wheat. sweet-wheat"

H1 (deletion) "Say <i>sweet</i> . Now say <i>sweet</i> but don't say /s/." (s)weet → wheat _____	___/5 A: ___/5
H1 "Say <i>phrase</i> . Now say <i>phrase</i> but don't say /f/." (ph)rased → raise _____	
H-2 Feedback: If you say <i>true</i> , and change the /t/ to /g/, you get grew; true-grew	
H2 (substitution) "Say <i>true</i> . Now say <i>true</i> but instead of /t/ say /g/." (t)rue → (g)rew _____	
H2 "Say <i>claim</i> . Now say <i>claim</i> but instead of /c/ say /b/." (c)laim → (b)lame _____	
H2 "Say <i>troop</i> . Now say <i>troop</i> but instead of /t/ say /g/." (t)roop → (g)roup _____	

Level I

Feedback: "If you say word without the /d/ you get were, word-were."

I1 "Say <i>word</i> . Now say <i>word</i> but don't say /d/." wor(d)→ were _____	___/5 A:___/5
"Say <i>lamp</i> . Now say <i>lamp</i> but don't say /p/." lam(p) →lamb _____	
I2 "Say <i>boat</i> . Now say <i>boat</i> but don't say /t/." boa(t) →bow _____	
"Say <i>toad</i> . Now say <i>toad</i> but don't say /d/." toa(d) →toe _____	
"Say <i>house</i> . Now say <i>house</i> but don't say /s/." hou(se) →how _____	
Basic Phoneme Total: ___/10 A: ___/10	

Advanced Phoneme Levels (early to late second grade; Level M is early third grade to adult)

Level J (uppercase letter in virgules means long sound)

Feedback: "If you say bat, and change the /a/ to /i/, you get bit; bat-bit."

Short sound of vowel:	___/5 A: ___/5
"Say <i>bat</i> . Now say <i>bat</i> but instead of /a/ say /i/."	
b(a)t /i/ → bit _____	
Say <i>gem</i> . Now say <i>gem</i> but instead of /e/ say /a/."	
g(e)m /a/ → jam _____	
"Say <i>match</i> . Now say <i>match</i> but instead of /a/ say /u/."	
m(a)tch /u/ → much _____	
Long sound of vowel:	___/5 A: ___/5
"Say <i>sheep</i> . Now say <i>sheep</i> but instead of /E/ say /A/."	
sh(ee)p /A/ → shape _____	
"Say <i>chose</i> . Now say <i>chose</i> but instead of /O/ say /E/."	___/5 A: ___/5
ch(o)se /E/ → cheese _____	

Level K

K1 Feedback: "If you say sled without the /l/, you get said; sled - said."

K1 (deletion) "Say <i>sled</i> . Now say <i>sled</i> but don't say /l/."	___/5 A: ___/5
s(l)ed → said _____	
K1 "Say <i>breeze</i> . Now say <i>breeze</i> but don't say /r/."	___/5 A: ___/5
b(r)eeze → bees _____	
K2 Feedback: "If you say crows, and change the /r/ to /l/ you get close; crows-close."	___/5 A: ___/5
K2 (substitution) "Say <i>crows</i> . Now say <i>crows</i> but instead of /r/ say /l/."	
c(r)ows → c(l)ose _____	
K2 "Say <i>braid</i> . Now say <i>braid</i> but instead of /r/ say /l/."	
b(r)aid → b(l)ade _____	___/5 A: ___/5
K2 "Say <i>cruise</i> . Now say <i>cruise</i> but instead of /r/ say /l/."	
c(r)uise → c(l)ues _____	

Level L

Feedback: "If you say hen, and change the /n/ to /d/, you get head; hen-head."

"Say <i>hen</i> . Say <i>hen</i> but instead of /n/ say /d/."	___/5 A: ___/5
he(n) /d/ → head _____	

"Say <i>rise</i> . Say <i>rise</i> but instead of /s/ say /m/."	
ri(s)e /m/ → rhyme _____	
"Say <i>might</i> . Say <i>might</i> but instead of /t/ say /s/."	
migh(t) /s/ → mice _____	
"Say <i>tube</i> . Say <i>tube</i> but instead of /b/ say /th/."	
tu(b)e /th/ → tooth _____	
"Say <i>cough</i> . Say <i>cough</i> but instead of /f/ say /t/ "	
cou(gh) /t/ → caught _____	

Level M

M1 Feedback: "If you say *swept* without the /p/, you get *sweat*; *swept*- *sweat*"

M1 (deletion) "Say <i>swept</i> . Now say <i>swept</i> but don't say /p/."	___/5 A: ___/5
swe(p)t → sweat _____	
M1 "Say <i>bolt</i> . Now say <i>bolt</i> but don't say /l/."	
bo(l)t → boat _____	
M2 Feedback: "If you say <i>rent</i> , and change the /n/ to /k/, you get <i>wrecked</i> ; <i>rent</i> - <i>wrecked</i> ."	
M2(substitution) "Say <i>rent</i> . Now say <i>rent</i> but instead of /n/ say /k/."	
re(n)t → wre(ck)ed _____	
M2 "Say <i>roped</i> . Say <i>roped</i> but instead of /p/ say /s/."	
ro(p)ed → roa(s)t _____	
M2 "Say <i>least</i> . Say <i>least</i> but instead of /s/ say /p/ "	
lea(s)t → lea(p)ed _____	

Advanced Phoneme Total: ___/20 A: ___/20