Dyslexia Resource Guide (November 2015) and Act 1268 Rogers Public Schools 7-30-15, 12-2-15, 8-8-16

Initial Screening

All K-2 students (regardless of entry date) 3-5 students experiencing difficulty

Purpose: To identify students at risk for learning difficulties

Exemptions:

- 1. Students with an existing dyslexia diagnosis
- 2. Students with a sensory impairment (vision or hearing impairment)

The screening may not be appropriate for students with severe cognitive limitations.

(Dyslexia Resource Guide pg. 22) November 2015

DIBELS Next sixth edition (LNF, PSF, NWF, ORF), Arkansas Rapid Naming Screener, Primary Spelling Inventory				
Kindergarten	1 st Grade	2 nd Grade	3 rd -5 th	
September- LNF	September	September	September	
January	LNF	NWF (CLS & WRC)	3 rd -5 th Grade	
PSF	PSF	ORF (words correct & accuracy)	ORF (words correct & accuracy)	
NWF (CLS)	NWF (CLS & WRC)	If at risk- PSF & LNF	If at risk, NWF, PSF & LNF	
AR-RAN	AR-RAN	AR-RAN	AR-RAN	
PSI	PSI	PSI	PSI	

Did the students score at risk or some risk (intensive or strategic)?



No _____



Are these skills being explicitly taught in the core instructional program?



Plan & teach whole group lessons for grade-level *Reading Foundational Skills Standards*. **Reassess after Instruction.**

Language Learners				
ELL 1s, 2s & 3s				
Has the student been at the same level				
for 3 or more years?				
No	Yes			
It takes more time for ELLs to achieve proficiency in these	The student may be struggling with more than just			
areas. Provide:	language development.			
 Daily ELD Explicit data driven Reading Foundational 	Check to see if this has been provided?			
Instruction (sensitive to their L1)	Yes			

Native English Speakers, ELL 4s & FEPs

Begin interventions based on Initial Screening data

Progress Monitor

(Dyslexia Resource Guide pg. 22)
November 2015

No Yes STOP

Level I: Screening

(Process of gathering additional information that should include progress monitoring data, work samples, formative literacy assessments, and additional dyslexia screening tools)

Purpose: To determine if characteristics of dyslexia are present

Additional Diagnostic Screening Tools (available on the webpage)

1. Phonological Awareness PASS, Abecedarian: Phonological and Phonemic Awareness

2. Sound symbol recognition College Station TX, Texas A&M: Quick Phonics Screener

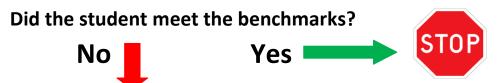
3. Alphabet Knowledge Abecedarian: Letter Knowledge

4. Decoding Skills Abecedarian: Decoding

5. Rapid Naming refer to AR Rapid Naming Screener

6. Encoding Skills refer to Primary Spelling Inventory Feature Guide

Begin the RTI Process (Tier II) Progress Monitor



Level II: Dyslexia Screening

Students who do not respond adequately to the RTI process (Parent Notification Required)

(Administered by the Dyslexia Assessment Team)

Does the student exhibit characteristics of dyslexia?

UNDERLYING CAUSE CHARACTERISTICS

Phonological Awareness Decoding

Rapid Naming Word Recognition

Letter Knowledge Fluency
OUTCOMES Spelling

Reading comprehension

Written Expression

(Dyslexia Resource Guide Appendix G)
November 2015

Begin dyslexia intervention

Yes

UALR Dyslexia Program (Dyslexia Resource Guide pg.32-33)

November 2015

Nο

Continue RTI Interventions

Did the student meet the benchmarks?

Continue interventions



No

Special Education Referral

Students who do not respond adequately to the RTI process and/or dyslexia interventions