Dynamic Measurement Group 859 Willamette Street, Suite 320 Eugene, Oregon 97401 http://dibels.org/



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GRADE **5** 

# Fifth Grade Scoring Booklet

DIBEL

	Name:	 
	Student ID:	 _ School Year:
0	Teacher:	
	School:	

		1₌	Begin	ning	2	Midd	le	3	End		
	Date										
	Passage	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	
	Words Correct										
	Errors										
	Accuracy									1	
DORF (Circle the	Retell										
median score)	Retell Quality										
		Correct			Correct			Correct			
		Incorrect			Incorrect			Incorrect			
	Daze	Adjusted	Score		Adjusted	Score		Adjusted Score			
Daze											

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# **1** DIBELS® Oral Reading Fluency Directions

Make sure you have reviewed the directions in the *DIBELS Assessment Manual* and have them available. Say these specific directions to the student:

- ▶ I would like you to read a story to me. Please do your best reading. If you do not know a word, I will read the word for you. Keep reading until I say "stop." Be ready to tell me all about the story when you finish. (Place the passage in front of the student.)
- ▶ Begin testing. Put your finger under the first word (point to the first word of the passage). Ready, begin.

Timing	1 minute. Start your stopwatch after the student says the first word of the passage. Place a bracket (]) and say <b>Stop</b> after 1 minute.
Wait	If no response in 3 seconds, say the word and mark it as incorrect.
Discontinue	If no words are read correctly in the first line, say <b>Stop</b> , record a score of 0, and do not administer Retell.
	If fewer than 10 words are read correctly on passage #1, do not administer Retell or passages #2 and #3.
	If fewer than 40 words are read correctly on any passage, use professional judgment whether to administer Retell for that passage.
Reminders	If the student stops (not a hesitation on a specific item), say <b>Keep going</b> . (Repeat as often as needed.)
	If the student loses his/her place, point. (Repeat as often as needed.)

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Notes:

General ORF Response Patterns for all three passages:
Reads with appropriate phrasing, intonation/expression, and observed punctuation
Self-corrects/monitors meaning
Shows automaticity on re-read words
Uses effective decoding strategies
Errors preserve passage meaning
Errors violate passage meaning
Frequently omits words or letters
Frequently adds words or letters
Frequent errors on sight words (e.g., I, was, and, the, said, etc.)
Frequent errors on phonetically regular words (e.g., cat, milk, etc.)
Frequent errors on phonetically irregular words
Skips lines
Other
General Retell Response Patterns for all three passages:
Summarizes
Repeats the same detail
Retells the passage verbatim
"Speed reads" the passage (i.e., reads quickly with no phrasing or intonation) and has limited retell relative to number of words read
Talks about own life related to passage
Other

# **DIBELS® Oral Reading Fluency**Grade 5/Benchmark 1.1

Total words:
Errors (include skipped words):
Words correct: =

### The Land Bridge

0	During the last ice age, the world looked much different than it does	13
13	today. Nearly all the land was covered with huge sheets of ice or glaciers.	27
27	Most of the world's water was trapped in these glaciers, and the water	40
40	level of the seas was low. A vast amount of land was above the water.	55
55	The narrow waterway between Asia and North America, the Bering	65
65	Strait, was mostly exposed land at that time. The land formed a narrow	78
78	bridge that connected Asia with North America. This land bridge was	89
89	cold and flat, and was covered by grass and shrubs. Before the formation	102
102	of the land bridge, early people who wanted to travel to North America	115
115	had to go by boat. Very few people actually made the voyage over the	129
129	water. Many more people traveled to North America when they were able	141
141	to walk across the land bridge.	147
147	After crossing the land bridge, the earliest people found themselves	157
157	in an unfamiliar land where there were no other inhabitants. These first	169
169	people had to search for food and water. If they were to survive, they	183
183	also had to locate materials that they could use to fashion tools.	195
195	There are no written accounts of these early people. Scientists who	206
206	want to know how they lived must seek clues in the things they left	220
220	behind. Today, it is believed that the movement to the new world took	233
233	place over a long period of time. The earliest people most likely came to	247
247	the new world as they followed migrating animals.	255
255	After many thousands of years, the climate began to change, causing	266

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### The Land Bridge (continued)

266	much of the ice to melt. The land bridge flooded and the Bering Strait	280
280	became a waterway once again. The two continents became separated	290
290	and the land bridge was no more. Those who wanted to journey between	303
303	the continents would have to travel by boat or find a new way to travel.	318

Notes:

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### 3 DIBELS® Oral Reading Fluency Grade 5/Benchmark 3.3

Retell: An Amazing City

Now tell me as much as you can about the story you just read. Ready, begin.

Timing	1-minute maximum. Start your stopwatch after telling the student to begin. Say <b>Stop</b> after 1 minute.
	If the student stops or hesitates for 3 seconds, select <i>one</i> of the following (allowed one time):
Wait/ Reminder	—If the student has not said anything at all, provides a very limited response, or provides an off-track response, say <i>Tell me as much as you can about the story</i> .
	—Otherwise, ask Can you tell me anything more about the story?
Discontinue	After the first reminder, if the student does not say anything or gets off track for 5 seconds, say <i>Thank you</i> and discontinue the task.

0	1 2	2 3	4 5	5 6	7	8 9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71
72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94

Retell Total:

Quality of Response: (Note: If the student provides only a main idea, it is considered one detail.)

**1** Provides 2 or fewer details

**3** Provides 3 or more details in a meaningful sequence

2 Provides 3 or more details

4 Provides 3 or more details in a meaningful sequence that captures a main idea

### An Amazing City (continued)

243	hundred and sixty-five, which means there is one step for every day in	257
257	the year. At the top of the pyramid, there is a temple. Inside, there is a	273
273	statue of a jaguar that is painted red and has green eyes.	285
285	The pyramid attracts the most visitors at the autumn and spring	296
296	equinoxes. On those days, the sun on the stairs casts a shadow that looks	310
310	like a giant feathered serpent. As the sun moves through the sky, the	323
323	snake appears to slither down the sides of the pyramid. Thousands of	335
335	tourists watch as the shadow of the ancient figure returns to its home.	348

Notes:

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# **1 DIBELS® Oral Reading Fluency** Grade 5/Benchmark 1.1

Retell: The Land Bridge

Now tell me as much as you can about the story you just read. Ready, begin.

Timing	1-minute maximum. Start your stopwatch after telling the student to begin. Say <b>Stop</b> after 1 minute.
	If the student stops or hesitates for 3 seconds, select <i>one</i> of the following (allowed one time):
Wait/ Reminder	—If the student has not said anything at all, provides a very limited response, or provides an off-track response, say Tell me as much as you can about the story.
	—Otherwise, ask Can you tell me anything more about the story?
Discontinue	After the first reminder, if the student does not say anything or gets off track for 5 seconds, say <i>Thank you</i> and discontinue the task.

0	1 2	3	4 5	5 6	7	8 9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71
72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94

Retell Total: \_\_\_\_\_

Quality of Response: (Note: If the student provides only a main idea, it is considered one detail.)

**1** Provides 2 or fewer details

3 Provides 3 or more details in a meaningful sequence

2 Provides 3 or more details

4 Provides 3 or more details in a meaningful sequence that captures a main idea

Now read this story to me.

Please do your best reading.

Ready, begin.

Total words:
Errors (include skipped words):
Words correct: =

### The Crow and the Pitcher

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Once there lived a sleek, black crow. Crow's shiny feathers glistened in the sunlight, and his yellow eyes sparkled like precious jewels. Crow 23 was so strong that he frequently flew for hundreds of miles without 35 stopping. 36 One day, Crow was flying along when he started to feel thirsty. He 49 dropped to a low altitude to search for something refreshing to drink. 61 Suddenly, he spied a pitcher of water sitting on a barnyard fence. The 74 fence was in the shade, shielded from the sun by a towering oak tree. 88 "That water should make a nice, cool drink," thought Crow. 98 Crow landed on the fence and examined the tempting pitcher. He 109 saw that it was about half full of water. However, no matter how hard he 124 tried, he could not reach the water with his beak. Crow was frustrated, 137 but he wasn't ready to give up. He knew if he considered the situation 151 carefully he would be able to find a solution. 160 Crow considered overturning the pitcher, hoping that the water 169 would spill so he could drink it. He rejected that idea, fearing that all the 184 water would flow away before he could get any. "It would be a shame 198 to waste this treat," Crow thought. He looked all around for some more 211 ideas, and saw some shiny pebbles lying on the ground. Looking at them, 224 Crow finally had the inspiration he had been looking for. 234 Crow picked up the pebbles one by one with his beak and dropped 247

# **3** DIBELS® Oral Reading Fluency Grade 5/Benchmark 3.3

Now read this story to me.
 Please do your best reading.
 Ready, begin.

Total words:
Errors (include skipped words):
Words correct: =

### An Amazing City

0	Every day, tourists flock to see special places around the world.	11
11	One place that is special because it is so old is the site of the ruins of an	29
29	ancient city in Mexico.	33
33	The Mayan people built this ancient city more than one thousand	44
44	years ago. The site covers four square miles. The structures that were	56
56	left behind show that this community was once thriving. Many scientists	67
67	have come to this location and tried to solve the mysteries of the city.	81
81	They have excavated the ruins and carefully restored as much as they	93
93	could.	94
94	One question that is still unanswered is why there are two styles of	107
107	architecture in the city. Some buildings look like ones found in other	119
119	Mayan cities. However, other buildings, such as the pyramid, temple,	129
129	and ball court, have a different design. They look like structures built by	142
142	a group of people called the Toltecs. One theory is that the Toltecs took	156
156	over the city. Another theory is that the Maya learned about the Toltecs'	169
169	style by trading with them. If the Maya liked the buildings they saw, they	183
183	might have tried to imitate them.	189
189	The pyramid at this site has been completely restored on two of its	202
202	four sides. It towers over the other buildings. Visitors climb ninety-one	214
214	steps to reach the top platform for a grand view of this amazing place.	228
228	The total number of steps on all sides of the building adds up to three	243

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Retell: How Kangaroo Got Her Pouch

Now tell me as much as you can about the story you just read. Ready, begin.

Timing	1-minute maximum. Start your stopwatch after telling the student to begin. Say <b>Stop</b> after 1 minute.
Wait/	If the student stops or hesitates for 3 seconds, select <i>one</i> of the following (allowed one time):
Reminder	<ul> <li>—If the student has not said anything at all, provides a very limited response, or provides an off-track response, say <i>Tell me as much as you can about the story</i>.</li> <li>—Otherwise, ask <i>Can you tell me anything more about the story?</i></li> </ul>
Discontinue	After the first reminder, if the student does not say anything or gets off track for 5 seconds, say <i>Thank you</i> and discontinue the task.

0	1 2	2	3	4 5	6	7	8 9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	' 2	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
49	50	) 5	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71
72	73	3 7	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94

Retell Total:

Quality of Response: (Note: If the student provides only a main idea, it is considered one detail.)

1 Provides 2 or fewer details

3 Provides 3 or more details in a meaningful sequence

2 Provides 3 or more details

4 Provides 3 or more details in a meaningful sequence that captures a main idea

# **1 DIBELS® Oral Reading Fluency** Grade 5/Benchmark 1.2

### The Crow and the Pitcher (continued)

247	them into the pitcher. Every time he dropped a pebble into the pitcher,	260
260	the water level rose higher. Eventually, the water level was high enough	272
272	for Crow to take a long, refreshing gulp of water. He was very pleased	286
286	with himself. "No obstacle is too challenging if I think long enough and	299
299	hard enough about how to resolve it," thought Crow.	308

Notes:

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Retell: The Crow and the Pitcher

Now tell me as much as you can about the story you just read. Ready, begin.

Timing	1-minute maximum. Start your stopwatch after telling the student to begin. Say <b>Stop</b> after 1 minute.
Wait/ Reminder	If the student stops or hesitates for 3 seconds, select <i>one</i> of the following (allowed one time):  —If the student has not said anything at all, provides a very limited response, or provides an off-track response, say <i>Tell me as much as you can about the story</i> .
	—Otherwise, ask Can you tell me anything more about the story?
Discontinue	After the first reminder, if the student does not say anything or gets off track for 5 seconds, say <i>Thank you</i> and discontinue the task.

0	1 2	3	4 5	6	7	8 9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71
72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94

Retell	Total:	

Quality of Response: (Note: If the student provides only a main idea, it is considered one detail.)

- 1 Provides 2 or fewer details
- 3 Provides 3 or more details in a meaningful sequence
- 2 Provides 3 or more details
- 4 Provides 3 or more details in a meaningful sequence that captures a main idea

# **3** DIBELS® Oral Reading Fluency Grade 5/Benchmark 3.2

### How Kangaroo Got Her Pouch (continued)

38	and she led him to the water.	245
45	As Wombat took a drink of the cool water, Joey came bounding up	258
58	to his mom. She shook her head ruefully at her playful son. Wombat	271
71	decided he should do something to help Mother so she would not have	284
34	to keep searching for Joey. He created a pouch out of blades of grass,	298
98	and then he tied it around Mother's waist. As soon as Mother opened the	312
12	pouch, Joey jumped inside it. Mother thanked her friend for the inventive	324
24	solution. Since that time, Mother Kangaroo always wears her pouch so	335
35	she does not have to go searching for Joey.	344

Notes:

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Now read this story to me. Please do your best reading. Ready, begin.

Total words:
Errors (include skipped words):
Words correct: =

### How Kangaroo Got Her Pouch

On a lovely sunny day, a mother and her youngest son were taking 13 a relaxing walk through the outback. Suddenly, Mother Kangaroo lost 13 23 sight of her offspring, and she started searching for him. She peered 35 under some bushes and in the emerald grass. 43 35 Joey suddenly bounded up and shouted that he was right behind 43 54 her. Mother was startled and leaped into the air. The young kangaroo 66 apologized for surprising her. 70 66 The two ambled along on their journey, pausing after a while to 70 82 munch on some delicious grass. When Mother glanced up, she was 93 alarmed to see that Joey had vanished again. She started searching, but, 105 instead of finding her son, she discovered her old friend Wombat. They 105 117 greeted each other, and Mother said, "My rascal son has wandered off 117 129 again. Did you happen to see him?" 136 129 Wombat said that he was very sorry to see her distressed, but he had 136 150 not seen the youngster. He did, however, have a suggestion she could 150 162 consider. "I am extremely thirsty," he said, "so why don't you help me 175 162 search for water, and then when I'm refreshed we can search together 175 187 for your meandering son." Mother agreed to the arrangement, and then 187 198 shielded her eyes from the sun and peered into the distance. She was 211 198 much taller than Wombat, so she could see over the grass. Before long, 211 224 Mother saw a pool of sparkling water, so she had Wombat grab her tail, 224 238

## **DIBELS® Oral Reading Fluency**Grade 5/Benchmark 1.3

Now read this story to me.
 Please do your best reading.
 Ready, begin.

Total words:
Errors (include skipped words):
Words correct: =

### **Recycling Tires**

If you look around, you will see tires everywhere. There are tires 12 on automobiles and trucks, and there are tires on motorcycles and 23 airplanes. Eventually, all these tires will be thrown away, creating a huge 35 mountain of tires. You might be surprised to learn that old tires are one 49 of the biggest and most challenging sources of trash. The piles of old tires frequently become home to mosquitoes and other insects that carry 73 disease. Discarded tires are a dangerous fire hazard. The pollution caused by tire fires is very harmful to the environment. Because old tires don't 97 decay, they are a problem that will be around for a long, long time. 97 111 Those who care about the environment are worried about the large 122 111 volume of old tires. They are researching ways to recycle and reuse 134 the rubber in tires. That way they can keep old tires out of landfills and 134 protect the environment. One way to recycle the rubber is to heat the tires 163 149 in a special oven. The oven does not allow any oxygen in and allows few 178 163 pollutants out. The recycled rubber can then be used for new products 190 like shoes and even sweaters. Recycling the rubber also produces oil that 202 190 people can use as fuel. Fuel from tires can produce as much energy as 202 216 coal or oil and is often used to power major factories. 227 Not all tires need to be recycled, many can be reused. Scrap tires can 241 227 be placed around bridges to protect them from flood damage. Some tires are cut into pieces and fashioned into sandals or used in roads. Shredded 266

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### Recycling Tires (continued)

266	tires can be used to make walls that reduce the noise from highways for	28
280	people who live nearby. Shredded tires can even make railroad ties to	29
292	reduce our need for trees.	29
297	I hope you will see tires in a whole new light. The tire on your	31
312	automobile might eventually be used for the shoes on your feet or the	32
325	asphalt on the road you walk on to get to school.	33

Notes:

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### 3 DIBELS® Oral Reading Fluency Grade 5/Benchmark 3.1

Retell: Build a Thermometer

Now tell me as much as you can about the story you just read. Ready, begin.

Timing	1-minute maximum. Start your stopwatch after telling the student to begin. Say <b>Stop</b> after 1 minute.
	If the student stops or hesitates for 3 seconds, select <i>one</i> of the following (allowed one time):
Wait/ Reminder	—If the student has not said anything at all, provides a very limited response, or provides an off-track response, say <i>Tell me as much as you can about the story</i> .
	—Otherwise, ask Can you tell me anything more about the story?
Discontinue	After the first reminder, if the student does not say anything or gets off track for 5 seconds, say <i>Thank you</i> and discontinue the task.

0	1 2	3	4 5	6	7	8 9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71
72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94

Retell Total: \_\_\_\_\_

Quality of Response: (Note: If the student provides only a main idea, it is considered one detail.)

1 Provides 2 or fewer details

3 Provides 3 or more details in a meaningful sequence

2 Provides 3 or more details

4 Provides 3 or more details in a meaningful sequence that captures a main idea

### Build a Thermometer (continued)

271	straw water line. Use a ruler to calculate the difference between each	283
283	mark and the original water mark.	289
289	Next, fill the larger bottle with cold water and ice. Place your bottle	302
302	thermometer into the icy water. Take the same kinds of measurements	313
313	that you did with the hot water, and compare your results.	324

Notes:

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# **1 DIBELS® Oral Reading Fluency** Grade 5/Benchmark 1.3

Retell: Recycling Tires

Now tell me as much as you can about the story you just read. Ready, begin.

Timing	1-minute maximum. Start your stopwatch after telling the student to begin. Say <b>Stop</b> after 1 minute.
	If the student stops or hesitates for 3 seconds, select <i>one</i> of the following (allowed one time):
Wait/ Reminder	—If the student has not said anything at all, provides a very limited response, or provides an off-track response, say <i>Tell me as much as you can about the story</i> .
	—Otherwise, ask Can you tell me anything more about the story?
Discontinue	After the first reminder, if the student does not say anything or gets off track for 5 seconds, say <i>Thank you</i> and discontinue the task.

0	1 2	3	4 5	6	7	8 9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71
72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94

Retell Total: \_\_\_\_\_

Quality of Response: (Note: If the student provides only a main idea, it is considered one detail.)

1 Provides 2 or fewer details

3 Provides 3 or more details in a meaningful sequence

2 Provides 3 or more details 4 Provides 3 or more details in a meaningful sequence that captures a main idea

### DIBELS® Oral Reading Fluency Grade 5/Benchmark 1 General ORF Response Patterns for all three passages: Reads with appropriate phrasing, intonation/expression, and observed punctuation Self-corrects/monitors meaning Shows automaticity on re-read words Uses effective decoding strategies Errors preserve passage meaning Errors violate passage meaning Frequently omits words or letters Frequently adds words or letters Frequent errors on sight words (e.g., I, was, and, the, said, etc.) Frequent errors on phonetically regular words (e.g., cat, milk, etc.) Frequent errors on phonetically irregular words Skips lines Other General Retell Response Patterns for all three passages: Summarizes Repeats the same detail Retells the passage verbatim "Speed reads" the passage (i.e., reads quickly with no phrasing or intonation) and has limited retell relative to number of words read

Talks about own life related to passage

Other

**3** DIBELS® Oral Reading Fluency Grade 5/Benchmark 3.1

Total words:	
Errors (include skipped words):	
Words correct: =	<del></del>

### **Build a Thermometer**

0	If you walk outside on a summer day, you will usually feel warm.	13
13	However, if you walk outside in the wintertime, you will usually feel	25
25	much colder. How could you find out the exact temperature? You could	37
37	use a thermometer, which is a tool that measures temperature.	47
47	To better understand how a thermometer works, you can construct	57
57	your own. Begin by filling a small soda bottle with cold water. Make sure	71
71	the bottle is filled to the brim. Next, add four drops of food coloring to	86
86	the water to make it more visible.	93
93	Make a ball of modeling clay that is large enough to form a stopper	107
107	for the bottle. Flatten the clay to create a long thin ribbon, and wrap it	122
122	around the middle of a straw.	128
128	Position the straw in the bottle so the clay forms a stopper at the top	143
143	of the bottle with the straw through the middle of the clay. Carefully seal	157
157	the bottle with the clay without pinching to ensure the straw remains	169
169	completely open. To prevent water from escaping, confirm that there are	180
180	no holes or cracks in the clay. You will notice that half of the straw is	196
196	submerged in the water, while the other half is outside the bottle. Gently	209
209	force the clay plug into the top of the bottle until the level of the water	225
225	moves up into the straw above the bottle.	233
233	Now it is time to utilize your bottle thermometer to measure	244
244	temperature. Place it in a larger bottle that is filled with hot water. Every	258
258	two minutes for the next ten minutes, take a reading by marking the	271

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# 3 DIBELS® Oral Reading Fluency Directions

Make sure you have reviewed the directions in the *DIBELS Assessment Manual* and have them available. Say these specific directions to the student:

- ▶ I would like you to read a story to me. Please do your best reading. If you do not know a word, I will read the word for you. Keep reading until I say "stop." Be ready to tell me all about the story when you finish. (Place the passage in front of the student.)
- ▶ Begin testing. Put your finger under the first word (point to the first word of the passage).
  Ready, begin.

Timing	1 minute. Start your stopwatch after the student says the first word of the passage. Place a bracket (]) and say <b>Stop</b> after 1 minute.
Wait	If no response in 3 seconds, say the word and mark it as incorrect.
Discontinue	If no words are read correctly in the first line, say <b>Stop</b> , record a score of 0, and do not administer Retell.
	If fewer than 10 words are read correctly on passage #1, do not administer Retell or passages #2 and #3.
	If fewer than 40 words are read correctly on any passage, use professional judgment whether to administer Retell for that passage.
Reminders	If the student stops (not a hesitation on a specific item), say <b>Keep going</b> . (Repeat as often as needed.)
	If the student loses his/her place, point. (Repeat as often as needed.)

# 2 DIBELS® Oral Reading Fluency Directions

Make sure you have reviewed the directions in the *DIBELS Assessment Manual* and have them available. Say these specific directions to the student:

- ▶ I would like you to read a story to me. Please do your best reading. If you do not know a word, I will read the word for you. Keep reading until I say "stop." Be ready to tell me all about the story when you finish. (Place the passage in front of the student.)
- ▶ Begin testing. Put your finger under the first word (point to the first word of the passage).
  Ready, begin.

Timing	1 minute. Start your stopwatch after the student says the first word of the passage. Place a bracket (]) and say <b>Stop</b> after 1 minute.
Wait	If no response in 3 seconds, say the word and mark it as incorrect.
Discontinue	If no words are read correctly in the first line, say <b>Stop</b> , record a score of 0, and do not administer Retell.
	If fewer than 10 words are read correctly on passage #1, do not administer Retell or passages #2 and #3.
	If fewer than 40 words are read correctly on any passage, use professional judgment whether to administer Retell for that passage.
Reminders	If the student stops (not a hesitation on a specific item), say <b>Keep going</b> . (Repeat as often as needed.)
	If the student loses his/her place, point. (Repeat as often as needed.)

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Total words:
Errors (include skipped words):
Words correct: =

### A Genius at Work

The boy was seven years old and starting school for the first time. He was the only son of a poor family who lived in what is now part of Germany. To look at this child, he seemed like an ordinary boy; however, he had an amazing talent in math and science. In fact, he would go on to become one of the most important mathematicians in the world. The boy's name was Carl Gauss. He reportedly was able to calculate in his head by the time he was three years old. The youngster was so good in math that he corrected mistakes that his father made when computing the family budget. Carl also showed his superior abilities in math at school. One time, his teacher asked the students to add the list of numbers from one to one hundred. The teacher thought that this would take the students a long time. To his surprise, young Carl arrived at the correct answer almost instantly. The boy explained that he had found a clever way to pair the numbers that allowed him to turn the problem into a simple multiplication calculation. He could use this method to add a long string of numbers very quickly. Carl's mother and father had different views about their son's education. His father was a mason who built things with brick and stone. 227 Carl's father wanted Carl to become a mason, too. The boy's mother, though, strongly supported Carl's schooling in math and science because 249 she realized that he had a special talent in these areas. Carl continued 

## DIBELS® Oral Reading Fluency Grade 5/Benchmark 2

General ORF Response Patterns for all three passages:

Reads with appropriate phrasing, intonation/expression, and observed punctuation
Self-corrects/monitors meaning
Shows automaticity on re-read words
Uses effective decoding strategies
Errors preserve passage meaning
Errors violate passage meaning
Frequently omits words or letters
Frequently adds words or letters
Frequent errors on sight words (e.g., I, was, and, the, said, etc.)
Frequent errors on phonetically regular words (e.g., cat, milk, etc.)
Frequent errors on phonetically irregular words
Skips lines
Other
General Retell Response Patterns for all three passages:
Summarizes
Repeats the same detail
Retells the passage verbatim
"Speed reads" the passage (i.e., reads quickly with no phrasing or intonation) and has limited retell relative to number of words read
Talks about own life related to passage
Other

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Retell: The Chunnel

Now tell me as much as you can about the story you just read. Ready, begin.

Timing	1-minute maximum. Start your stopwatch after telling the student to begin. Say <b>Stop</b> after 1 minute.
Wait/	If the student stops or hesitates for 3 seconds, select <i>one</i> of the following (allowed one time):
Reminder	<ul> <li>—If the student has not said anything at all, provides a very limited response, or provides an off-track response, say <i>Tell me as much as you can about the story</i>.</li> <li>—Otherwise, ask <i>Can you tell me anything more about the story?</i></li> </ul>
Discontinue	After the first reminder, if the student does not say anything or gets off track for 5 seconds, say <i>Thank you</i> and discontinue the task.

0	1 2	2 3	4 5	5 6	7	8 9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71
72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94

Retell Total: \_\_\_\_\_

Quality of Response: (Note: If the student provides only a main idea, it is considered one detail.)

1 Provides 2 or fewer details

3 Provides 3 or more details in a meaningful sequence

2 Provides 3 or more details

4 Provides 3 or more details in a meaningful sequence that captures a main idea

# **2** DIBELS® Oral Reading Fluency Grade 5/Benchmark 2.1

### A Genius at Work (continued)

262	his studies in math and science and went on to make many important	275
275	discoveries. Some of his first discoveries were made while he was still a	288
288	teenager.	289
289	Carl Gauss became known throughout the world as the "Prince of	300
300	Mathematicians." Although he lived long ago, his keen understanding of	310
310	math continues to have a remarkable influence on the field of math today.	323

Notes:

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Retell: A Genius at Work

Now tell me as much as you can about the story you just read. Ready, begin.

Timing	1-minute maximum. Start your stopwatch after telling the student to begin. Say <b>Stop</b> after 1 minute.
	If the student stops or hesitates for 3 seconds, select <i>one</i> of the following (allowed one time):
Wait/ Reminder	—If the student has not said anything at all, provides a very limited response, or provides an off-track response, say Tell me as much as you can about the story.
	—Otherwise, ask Can you tell me anything more about the story?
Discontinue	After the first reminder, if the student does not say anything or gets off track for 5 seconds, say <i>Thank you</i> and discontinue the task.

0	1	2	3	4 5	6	7	8 9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	2	7	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
49	5	0	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71
72	7	3	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94

Retell	Total:	

Quality of Response: (Note: If the student provides only a main idea, it is considered one detail.)

1 Provides 2 or fewer details

3 Provides 3 or more details in a meaningful sequence

**2** Provides 3 or more details

4 Provides 3 or more details in a meaningful sequence that captures a main idea

# **2** DIBELS® Oral Reading Fluency Grade 5/Benchmark 2.3

### The Chunnel (continued)

246	though, and in less than a year, the work was stopped.	257
257	It took a long time before the building project was resumed.	268
268	Numerous construction companies worked on the big project. It took	278
278	seven years, but finally the tunnels were completed and trains traveling	289
289	at very high speeds were allowed to use them. Today, people enjoy	301
301	traveling through the Chunnel, which is the world's second longest	311
311	underwater tunnel.	313

Notes:

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Now read this story to me.
Please do your best reading.
Ready, begin.

Total words:
Errors (include skipped words):
Words correct: =

12

### The Chunnel

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Channel. If you want to cross from one side of the English Channel 25 to the other, there is no bridge you can cross. Instead, you can take a 40 train through an underwater tunnel. This channel tunnel is known as the 52 Chunnel. 53 The Chunnel consists of three tunnels that allow trains to run under 65 the water from one side of the channel to the other. Trains that carry 79 people and goods use the two outer tunnels. The middle tunnel is smaller 92 than the other two tunnels. It is used for ventilation and to make sure 106 maintenance and emergency vehicles can reach the other tunnels. 115 The Chunnel was dreamed of long before it was finally built. More 127 than two hundred years ago, an engineer first talked about building a 139 tunnel under the English Channel. He believed that people could travel in 151 carriages drawn by horses through the tunnel. The tunnel would have oil lamps since they did not have electric lights back then. He imagined an island in the middle, where people could change to fresh horses. Over the 189 years, many people drew up plans for the tunnel. Although one attempt at 202 digging was made, none of the early plans ever made it to completion. 215 Almost forty years ago, construction work finally began on what 225 would become the Chunnel. The governments of England and France 235 soon became worried about how much money the tunnels would cost, 246

The body of water between France and Britain is called the English

# **2** DIBELS® Oral Reading Fluency Grade 5/Benchmark 2.2

Now read this story to me.
 Please do your best reading.
 Ready, begin.

Total words:
Errors (include skipped words):
Words correct: =

### A Special Song

0	The boy searched through the pieces of bamboo that his mother had	12
12	cut. He ran his hands over numerous pieces to know what each would	25
25	feel like when he held it. He narrowed down his choice to three pieces.	39
39	He looked down the hollow centers of those pieces. Finally, he picked	51
51	the one that he thought would make the best flute.	61
61	As Zachary presented the piece of bamboo to his mother, she	72
72	admired his selection. She proceeded to turn the bamboo into a flute with	85
85	six perfect holes in a straight line and a hole for the mouth. She provided	100
100	some special oil, which her son gently applied to his fabulous new	112
112	instrument.	113
113	Zachary anticipated making lovely melodies with his flute. He	122
122	pressed the instrument firmly against his lips and blew into it with a deep	136
136	breath. He made a sharp squealing noise, which caused him to giggle.	148
148	Mama smiled and instructed him to blow with a gentle, even breath. She	161
161	showed him how to cover the holes with his fingertips. Mama explained	173
173	that he could play various notes by doing this. Zachary experimented and	185
185	was thrilled to hear how the different notes sounded.	194
194	Every afternoon Zachary practiced playing his flute. He was	203
203	delighted to make up little songs, but he wanted to do something special	216
216	to express his appreciation to his mother for making this musical	227
227	instrument. He remembered her favorite song and figured out for himself	238

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### A Special Song (continued)

238	how to play it. Then, one day, while Mama was washing the dinner	251
251	dishes, he asked if he could perform something special. She turned off	263
263	the faucet and stood by the sink as Zachary grasped his flute and began to	278
278	play. She was captivated by her favorite song, which was more beautiful	290
290	than she had ever heard it before. When the music had concluded, Mama	303
303	walked over to her son and gave him an enormous hug.	314

Notes:

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# **2** DIBELS® Oral Reading Fluency Grade 5/Benchmark 2.2

Retell: A Special Song

Now tell me as much as you can about the story you just read. Ready, begin.

Timing	1-minute maximum. Start your stopwatch after telling the student to begin. Say <b>Stop</b> after 1 minute.
	If the student stops or hesitates for 3 seconds, select <i>one</i> of the following (allowed one time):
Wait/ Reminder	—If the student has not said anything at all, provides a very limited response, or provides an off-track response, say <i>Tell me as much as you can about the story</i> .
	—Otherwise, ask Can you tell me anything more about the story?
Discontinue	After the first reminder, if the student does not say anything or gets off track for 5 seconds, say <i>Thank you</i> and discontinue the task.

0	1 2	3	4 5	5 6	7	8 9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71
72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94

Retell Total: \_\_\_\_\_

Quality of Response: (Note: If the student provides only a main idea, it is considered one detail.)

**1** Provides 2 or fewer details

**3** Provides 3 or more details in a meaningful sequence

2 Provides 3 or more details

4 Provides 3 or more details in a meaningful sequence that captures a main idea